

Methyl esterification kit for fatty acids analysis

## Fatty Acid Methylation Kits

Below are two methods for efficiently preparing fatty acid samples for GC analysis. Neither method requires high temperatures, unlike the conventional method, so methylation can be done safely and easily.

	Fatty Acid Methylation Kit ► See P.2	Fatty Acid Methylation Kit for Glycerides		
Targeted fatty acids	<ul> <li>Glycerides (glycerolipids, such as triglycerides, diglycerides, monoglycerides and lecithin)</li> <li>Free fatty acids</li> <li>Sterol esters</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Glycerides (glycerolipids, such as triglycerides, diglycerides, monoglycerides and lecithin)</li> <li>Glycerides containing short-chain fatty acids</li> </ul>		
Targeted samples	Blood, yeast, liver, cooking oil, soybean powder, fish oils	Cooking oil, fish oils		
Procedure	<ul> <li>Sample</li> <li>Methylation Reagent A 0.5 ml</li> <li>Methylation Reagent B 0.5 ml, 37°C, 1 hr</li> <li>Methylation Reagent C 0.5 ml, 37°C, 20 min</li> <li>Isolation Reagent 1.0 ml</li> <li>Upper layer</li> <li>Deionized Water 1.0 ml</li> <li>Upper layer</li> <li>Purification with Fatty Acid Methyl Ester Purification Kit</li> <li>' If using a packed column, this step is not required.</li> <li>GC Analysis</li> <li>React at 37°C</li> <li>Simple procedure</li> </ul>	Reagent A (solvent) 1.0 ml Reagent B (reaction solution) 0.1 ml; room temp, stir 3 sec, let stand 10 sec Reagent C (stop solution) 1.0 ml Upper layer GC Analysis		
Reaction time	1.5 hrs	Less than 1 min		
Reaction temperature	37°C	Room temp.		
Quantitative analysis*	Very good	Good		
Experimental precision	Very good	Good		

\* This difference is due to a small amount of free fatty acids in cooking oil.

# Fatty Acid Methylation Kit

## **Features**

- ► For the analysis of volatile free fatty acids, glycerolipids and sterol esters
- React at 37 °C
- Conduct methyl esterification safely and easily
- Detects not only long-chain, but also short-chain fatty acids

## **Targeted fatty acids**

- · Free fatty acids
- · Glycerolipids (such as triglycerides), phospholipids and glycolipids
- Sterol esters Please note that this method is not suitable for sphingolipids.

## Procedure

## Fatty Acid Methylation Kit



- 1. Put dried sample into a hermetically-closable test tube.
- 2. Add 0.5 ml of methylation reagent A to the test tube.
- 3. Add 0.5 ml of methylation reagent B to the test tube.
- Close the cap tightly and incubate the test tube at 37°C for an hour or at room temperature overnight.
- 5. Add 0.5 ml of methylation reagent C.
- 6. Close the cap tightly and incubate the test tube for 20 min at 37°C.
- 7. Add 1.0 ml of isolation reagent and vortex.
- 8. After seeing the presence of two layers, transfer supernatant to a new test tube.
- 9. Add 1 ml of deionized water to the test tube containing the supernatant and mix it up for cleaning.
- 10. Transfer the supernatant to a new test tube.
- If the GC analysis is done with capillary columns, further purification with Fatty Acid Methyl Ester Purification Kit is required. (All steps are done by gravity flow.)
- 12. Analyze with GC.

## **Reaction Mechanism**

## Reaction with Methylation Reagent B

CH2-O-CO-R1			
CH-O-CO-R <sub>2</sub>	+	3CH <sub>3</sub> OH	CH30
CH <sub>2</sub> -O-CO-R <sub>3</sub>			

R <sub>1</sub> -COOCH <sub>3</sub>		CH2-OH
R <sub>2</sub> -COOCH <sub>3</sub>	+	сн-он
R <sub>3</sub> -COOCH <sub>3</sub>		CH2-OH

## **Reaction with Methylation Reagent C**

R<sub>4</sub>-COOH

+ CH<sub>3</sub>OH

 $H^+$ 

R<sub>4</sub>-COOCH<sub>3</sub>



### **Comparison with Conventional Method**

The methyl esterification efficiencies of the Fatty Acid Methylation Kit and the conventional method are about the same, independent of chain length. The quantitative capability of the conventional method is questionable due to the high heating requirement. The high temperature causes the degradation of unstable fatty acids (polyunsaturated and cyclopropane fatty acids) and the evaporation of short-chain fatty acid akyl esters.



## **Quantitative Analysis**



The Fatty Acid Methylation Kit and Fatty Acid Methyl Ester Purification Kit offer wide dynamic range as shown by the results from dried yeast.

Data courtesy of GEKKEIKAN

#### **Applications**

The lipid samples below were methylated using the Fatty Acid Methylation Kit and analyzed using GC.

#### • Butter

• Fa	atty	Aci	ds	in	BS	Α
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# Fatty Acid Methylation Kit for Glycerides

## **Features**

- Methylate fatty acids from glycerides in your sample
- React at room temperature; suitable for volatile short-chain fatty acids
- ▶ Fast stir for 3 seconds, let stand for 10 seconds
- ► Good for simple analysis
- Simple procedure

## **Targeted fatty acids**

- Glycerides (glycerolipids, such as triglycerides, diglycerides, monoglycerides and lecithin)
   \* Cannot be used with free fatty acids, sterol esters or sphingolipids.
  - This kit is suitable for measuring the fatty acid composition of glycerides. For other fatty acids (except sphingolipids), please use the regular Fatty Acid Methylation Kit (p. 2), which can also methylate free fatty acids and sterol esters.

## Procedure



- 1. Place your glyceride sample (50 mg or less) in a suitable container.
- 2. Add 1.0 ml of reagent A (solvent), and dissolve the sample.
- 3. Add 0.1 ml of reagent B (reaction solution), and stir with a vortex mixer for 3 seconds.
- 4. Let the mixture stand for about 10 seconds, then add 1.0 ml of reagent C (stop solution). Stir with a vortex mixer for 5-10 seconds.
- 5. Let stand until two layers form. Move the upper layer to a different container, such as an autosampler vial.
- 6. Analyze with GC.
- \* This kit does not use the Fatty Acid Methyl Ester Purification Kit (p. 2).

## **Reaction Mechanism**

Methylation is done with a transesterification (methanolysis) reaction between the glyceride and methanol.

CH2-O-CO-R1			R <sub>1</sub> -COOCH <sub>3</sub>		CH2-OH
CH-O-CO-R <sub>2</sub>	+	3CH <sub>3</sub> OH	R <sub>2</sub> -COOCH <sub>3</sub>	+	сн-он
CH <sub>2</sub> -O-CO-R <sub>3</sub>			R <sub>3</sub> -COOCH <sub>3</sub>		CH2-OH



## **Reaction Completion**



Reaction was confirmed by methylating 10 of a triglyceride (triolein) using the **Fatty Acid Methylation Kit for Glycerides** and performing TLC using a silica gel plate.

- Developing solution: Hexane / t-butyl methyl ether / acetic acid = 92 / 8 / 0.4
- Coloring: Sprayed with 50% sulfuric acid, then heated at 137°C for 15 minutes

### (Results)

The triglyceride was successfully methylated.

## **Applications**

• Fatty acid analysis of oil extracted from sardines



#### • Analysis of fatty acids in milk



#### (Sample preparation)

- 1. Using a mortar and pestle, about 10 g of a small sardine was extracted with 30 ml of acetone, then 20 ml of hexane. After extraction, the mixture was filtered.
- 2. 30 ml of water was added to the filtrate and the solution was mixed.
- 3. The hexane layer was collected and evaporated in a rotary evaporator.
- 4. From the resulting oil, about 20 mg was collected and methylated using the Fatty Acid Methylation Kit for Glycerides.

#### (Results)

In addition to saturated fatty acids, the sample contained large amounts of unsaturated fatty acids, such as DHA and EPA.

#### (Sample preparation)

- 1. 0.5 ml of milk was combined with 2 ml of reagent A from the Fatty Acid Methylation Kit for Glycerides.
- 2. 1 ml of the organic layer was methylated with the Fatty Acid Methylation Kit for Glycerides.

#### (Results)

Methylation using the Fatty Acid Methylation Kit for Glycerides can be done quickly at room temperature, so volatile short-chain fatty acids, such as methyl butyrate (4:0) and methyl hexanoate, can be analyzed.

### **Applications** (continued)

Brown rice

10%

polished rice

• Fatty acid analysis of rice (Nipponbare) for producing sake (effect of different degrees of polishing)

#### (Sample preparation)

- 1. The samples (100 mg each of brown rice, 10% polished rice and 30% polished rice) were crushed.
- 2. 1 ml of acetone was added to the crushed samples and stirred with a vortex mixer. The acetone solution was collected.
- 3. 1 ml of hexane was added to the residues, stirred with a vortex mixer, collected and mixed with the acetone solutions.
- 4. 1 ml of ultra-pure water was added to the mixtures obtained in (3), and the mixtures were stirred lightly.
- 5. The mixtures obtained in (4) were centrifuged at 2000 rpm for 3 minutes, and the upper hexane layers were collected.
- 6. The hexane solutions were evaporated, leaving an oil sample.

30%

polished rice

7. Half of the oil (equivalent to 50 mg of rice) was methylated using the Fatty Acid Methylation Kit for Glycerides.



#### • Fatty acid analysis of refined sake yeasts





#### (Sample)

Yeast - parent cell line 1103 Yeast - mutant cell line 0101 (cerulenin-resistant)

#### (Sample preparation)

- 1. Yeast incubation (YPD, 30°C, approx. 24 hours)
- 2. After harvesting, the cultures were washed twice with distilled water.
- 3. The bacteria were lyophilized overnight.
- 4. Lipids were extracted with acetone and hexane.
- 5. The sample was methylated using the Fatty Acid Methylation Kit for Glycerides.



Data courtesy of Gakkeikan Sake Company, Ltd.

#### **Applications** (continued)

The lipid samples below were methylated using the Fatty Acid Methylation Kit for Glycerides and analyzed using GC.

Soybean oil













· Extracted lipid from green leaf of tabacco





Extracted lipid from yolk of chicken



Main components: Galactolipids (glycolipids), phospholipids

Main components: Phosphatidylcholines, phosphatidylethanolamines

For more Application, Please vist our website at http://www.nacalai.co.jp/global/cosmosil/related/Methylation\_Kit.html (Over 50 Application available.)

## **Kit Contents**

#### Fatty Acid Methylation Kit (100 tests)

Product Name	PKG Size	QTY
Methylation Reagent A	50 ml	1
Methylation Reagent B	50 ml	1
Methylation Reagent C	50 ml	1
Isolation Reagent	250 m	1

### Fatty Acid Methyl Ester Purification Kit (50 tests)

Product Name	PKG Size	QTY
Conditioning Solution	200 ml	1
Washing Solution	200 ml	1
Eluting Solution	200 ml	1
SPE Cartridge Column	-	50 pcs

### Fatty Acid Methylation Kit for glycerides (100 tests)

Product Name	PKG Size	QTY
Solution A (Solvent)	100 ml	1
Solution B (Reaction Solution)	10 ml	1
Solution C (Stop Solution)	100 ml	1







## **Ordering Information**

Product Name	Grade	Storage	Product No.	PKG Size
Fatty Acid Methylation Kit (100 tests)	SP	RT	16962-04	100 tests
Fatty Acid Methyl Ester Purification Kit (50 tests)	SP	RT	16961-14	50 tests
Fatty Acid Methylation Kit for glycerides (100 tests)	SP	RT	13246-84	100 tests

These products are covered by a patent acquired by Gekkeikan Sake Co., Ltd. in collaboration with Dr. Ichihara of Kyoto Integrated Science & Technology Bio-Analysis Center, ASTEM . Nacalai Tesque manufactures and sells these products under a license agreement. [Patent no. 4942380 (Japan)]

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